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| **Pengaruh Sosial Ekonomi Ibu terhadap Kejadian Bayi BBLR**  (Studi di ruang Irna G RSUD Syamrabu Bangkalan) | |
| **ABSTRAK**  Sosial ekonomi merupakan kedudukan atau posisi seseorang dalam kelompok masyarakat yang ditentukan oleh jenis aktivitas ekonomi, pendidikan serta pendapatan*.* Hasil studi pendahuluan menunjukkan ada angka kelahiran bayi selama satu tahun terakhir yaitu sebanyak 1159 dan diantaranya bayi baru lahir sebanyak 362 (0,32%). Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk menganalisis pengaruh sosial ekonomi ibu terhadap kejadian bayi BBLR.  Penelitian ini menggunakan metode analitik dengan pendekatan *Cross Sectional*. Variabel independen yaitu sosial ekonomi ibu, dan Variabel dependennya adalah kejadian bayi BBLR. Populasi penelitian adalah seluruh ibu yang mempunyai bayi BBLR di ruang Irna G RSUD Syamrabu Bangkalan sebanyak 44, dengan sampel 40 orang dengan menggunakan *probability sampling*, dengan teknik *simple random sampling.* Instrumen yang digunakan kuesioner, penelitian ini sudah diuji etik oleh tim KEPK STIKes Ngudia Husada Madura, No : 292/KEPK/ STIKES-NHM/EC/VII/2019.  Hasil penelitian pada ibu dengan kelas sosial ekonomi bawah cukup tinggi yaitu (62,5%). Berdasarkan uji statistik *lambda* pada sosial ekonomi didapatkan hasil *p value* (0,023)*<a* (0,05) sehingga H1 diterima. Hal tersebut menunjukkan bahwa ada pengaruh sosial ekonomi ibu terhadap kejadian bayi BBLR.  Tenaga kesehatan diharapkan dapat lebih meningkatkan kinerja dalam promosi kesehatan seperti sosialisasi penyuluhan tentang nutrisi yang baik selama hamil untuk mencegah kelahiran bayi BBLR melalui pemberian leaflet, pemberian makanan tambahan (PMT) pada ibu hamil sehingga masyarakat dapat memperoleh informasi tentang faktor apa saja yang dapat menyebabkan kelahiran bayi BBLR. | |
| **Kata Kunci : Sosial Ekonomi, dan BBLR** | |

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| ***The effect of mother’s socioeconomic on the incidence of LBW infants***  *(Study at Irna G’s room of Syamrabu Bangkalan General Hospital)* | |
| *ABSTRACT*  *Social economy is the position of a person in a group of community determined by the type of economic activity, education, and income. Based on the result of Preliminary study results showed there were 1159 infant births and among them LBW infants was 362 (0,32%). The purpose of this study is to analyze the effect of mother’s socioeconomic on the incidence of LBW infants.*  *This research used analytic method with cross sectional approach. Independent variable was the mother’s socioeconomic, and dependent variable was the LBW. The population in this study were all mothers who had LBW infants in the Irna G’s room as many as 44 mothers who had LBW infants and samples taken as many as 40 mothers who had LBW infants using probability sampling with simple random sampling technique. This research has been carried out ethical clearence test by KEPK of STIKes Ngudia Husada Madura No : 292/KEPK/ STIKES-NHM/EC/VII/2019.*  *The results showed that mother’s who had lower socioeconomic classes (75%) was high. Based on Lambda statistical test on socioeconomic results p value (0,023) so that H₁ was accepted. It showed that there was the effect of mother’s socioeconomic influence on the incidence of LBW infants.*  *Health workers are expected to further improve services / performance in health promotion such as information dissemination on good nutrition during pregnancy to prevent LBW through leaflets, supplementary feeding for pregnant woman so that the public can obtain information about what factors can cause LBW can fulfill nutrition during pregnancy.* | |
| ***Keywords: Socioeconomic, and LBW infants*** | |